



CF Item = Barcode Top - Note at Bottom =
CF_Item_One_BC5-Top-Sign

Page 31
Date 2003-Nov-04
Time 3:44:10 PM
Login ask



CF-RAD-USAA-DB01-2000-05979

Ill Document Register Number [auto] **CF-RAD-USAA-DB01-2000-05979**

ExRef: Document Series / Year / Number **E/ICEF/1950/158 (PDF-Eng)**

Doc Item Record Title

Middle East - Status of UNICEF Programmes

Date Created / On Doc
1950-Nov-02

Date Registered
1997-Jan-01

Date Closed / Superseeded

Primary Contact
Owner Location **Office of the Secretary, Executive Bo = 3024**
Home Location **Office of the Secretary, Executive Bo = 3024**
Current Location **Record & Archive Manage Related Functions=80669443**

1: In Out Internal, Rec or Conv Copy?

Fd2: Language, Orig Pub Dist **English , L.Avail: E,F ; L.Orig: E-?**
Fd3: Doc Type or Format

Container File Folder Record
Container Record (Title)

Nu1: Number of pages
0

Nu2: Doc Year
1950

Nu3: Doc Number
158

Full GCG File Plan Code

Da1: Date Published
1950-Nov-02

Da2: Date Received

Da3: Date Distributed

Priority

If Doc Series?: **CF/RA/DS/USAA/DB01/2001-0024**

Record Type **A04 Doc Item: E/ICEF 1946 to 1997 Ex Bd**

DOS File Name

Electronic Details

No Document

Alt Bar code = RAMP-TRIM Record Numb : **CF-RAD-USAA-DB01-2000-05979**

Notes

6pp

Document Format Series/Year/SubSeries/Number/Rev: E/ICEF/1950/158; Doc Series/SubSeries/Year/Number/Rev: E/ICEF/1950/158

Doc Series: E/ICEF; Series Valid date on import: 01-Jan-1946; Doc Year: 1950; Doc Number: 0158; Doc

Print Name of Person Submit Images

Signature of Person Submit

Number of images without cover

R. Tooker

R. Tooker

6

UNITED NATIONS
ECONOMIC
AND
SOCIAL COUNCIL



RETYPE FOR FILMING

GENERAL

E/ICEF/158
2 November 1950

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

UNITED NATIONS INTERNATIONAL CHILDREN'S EMERGENCY FUND

Programme Committee

STATUS OF UNICEF ASSISTED PROGRAMMES IN THE MIDDLE EAST

IRAQ

Allocation: Anti-Bejel and Syphilis

\$150,000

General

The project is being undertaken as a mass attack on bejel/syphilis to cover 70,000 persons. This will be preceded by a pilot study period not to exceed 6 months.

Administration

The project will be conducted under the responsibility of the Government, and the chief medical adviser provided by WHO will assume, on behalf of the Government, the technical and operational direction of the project.

Types of Supplies

UNICEF is supplying \$35,500 of penicillin, of which \$5,000 has been procured. Of the remaining \$49,000, \$20,000 has been spent on various supplies and equipment; \$8,000 more will be spent in this way and the remainder will be left for later developments in the plan.

Current Developments

Late in September, the Director of the European UNICEF Headquarters and the senior UNICEF officer on the staff of UNRWA visited in Iraq for detailed discussions on the anti-bejel project and on a request for a BCG campaign.

/ISRAEL

(6 pp)

RETYPE FOR TECHNICAL REASONS

(6 p.)

ISRAEL

Total Allocation:

\$388,000

A. Feeding	\$ 294,000
B. Leather and Textiles	40,000
C. Medical	49,000
D. Balance	5,000

Administration

The Ministry of Social Welfare acts as liaison with the UNICEF Mission

A. Feeding

Number of Beneficiaries

A feeding program for 161,700 children was undertaken with UNICEF assistance early in 1950. The number of beneficiaries has been increased to 172,500 which represents the programmed number until the end of 1950. A majority of the children are fed in schools and the remainder in closed institutions, infant welfare centres, milk centres, immigrant camps and day nurseries. In addition to the above, UNICEF is extending assistance, under the Palestine Refugee Programme, to refugee mothers and children in Israel. In September 1950 this number was reported as 25,900. It is planned by the Government to integrate the refugee assistance programme into its regular programme and some progress has already been made in this direction.

Types of Supplies

UNICEF supplies to Israel include dry whole and skim milk, cheese, cod liver oil, fats, rice and sugar.

B. Leather and Textiles

UNICEF wool and leather are to provide hand and machine knitting wool and 17,000 pairs of shoes, respectively. Hand knitting will be carried out by older children and adolescents in vocational training centres; some of the

/shoes will also

shoes will also be made up in these centres. By exchanging the machine knitting wool and 80% of the leather for goods already manufactured, it is expected that this project will be complete early in 1951.

C. Medical

UNICEF provided certain essential drugs for epidemic control, and equipment for care of premature babies and polio victims. In addition, a BCG campaign is being carried out under the Joint Enterprise. The two iron lungs supplied by UNICEF have been in almost constant use. The incidence of polio has been reported as 338 cases in May, 329 in June and 219 in July. The figure for August will, when available, probably be approximately the same as the July figure. The proportion of cases involving respiratory difficulties has been very high. (For details of the BCG campaign, see E/ICEF/R.78).

/ PALESTINE REFUGEES

PALESTINE REFUGEES

<u>Total Allocation</u>		\$10,581,000
A. Feeding	\$ 9,229,000	
B. Textiles	410,000	
C. Medical		
1. Anti-Syphilis	16,000	
2. Anti-TB	139,000	
3. General MCH	455,000	
4. Miscellaneous	171,000	
	<u>781,000</u>	
D. Balance	161,000	

Administration

The United Nations Relief and Works Agency is responsible for distributing UNICEF supplies to mother and child refugees. Two UNICEF officers have been assigned to UNRWA, to supervise distribution of UNICEF supplies.

A. Feeding

Numbers of Beneficiaries

Feeding began in October 1948 for approximately 140,000 refugee children and mothers, and was extended to over 500,000 throughout 1949. Plans for 1950 included 520,000 from January through April, and 440,000 from May until October. At the present time, and for the remainder of 1950, programming is based on 470,000, the increase being due to the addition of 30,000 destitute inhabitants of Gaza in Southern Palestine. These people, while not actually refugees, have suffered economic catastrophe because of the influx of 200,000 refugees into Gaza.

Types of Supplies

UNICEF foodstuffs, consisting of dry whole and skim milk, cod-liver-oil, fats, meat, fish, beans, flour, rice, dried fruit and sugar, all pooled with food supplies distributed by UNRWA, except for the milk and cod liver oil reserved for children and mothers.

/ Distribution

Distribution

Beneficiaries of UNICEF feeding are located in refugee camps and villages in Lebanon, Syria, Jordan, Northern Palestine, Southern Palestine and Israel.

Recent reports on the food distribution in the refugee areas reflect improvements that have been effected during the past few months. Funds made available by UNRWA have made possible 148 new milk centres, chiefly in Lebanon and Syria, and an increase in the number of milk labourers employed: against 1213 in April there were 1342 such workers in September. Currently, UNRWA spends \$20,162 monthly on milk distribution, an increase of \$5,951 per month over expenditures for April. It is expected that within the near future the number of beneficiaries receiving dry milk rations will have dropped to a little under 9,000 due to the increase in milk feeding centres. It is also reported that the equipment of the milk centres, as well as their cleanliness have greatly improved.

B. Textiles

In 1948-49, 239,000 blankets and sleeping bags were supplied for refugee children and mothers. At the present time, a cotton processing project is under way in Czechoslovakia and piece goods valued at \$140,000 are now being shipped to the Middle East; \$80,000 of this amount represents processing costs contributed through a Czech contribution to UNICEF. It is hoped that arrangements will be made for further processing.

C. Medical

Use of Supplies

All UNICEF medical supplies are used under the direction of WHO medical officers.

Types of Assistance

A BCG anti-tuberculosis campaign conducted in 1949 by the Joint Enterprise tested 215,000 young refugees of whom 151,000 were vaccinated. UNICEF supplied DDT and

gamexane for anti-malaria and anti-fly campaigns which have been supervised by a WHO Malariologist. An anti-syphilis campaign which started recently is utilizing UNICEF penicillin and laboratory supplies and equipment. In addition, UNICEF is supplying, miscellaneous equipment, biologicals, drugs and soap.

General

At least half of the medical and sanitation supply procurement for the Palestine Refugees has come through UNICEF, according to a recent report by the UNRWA Chief Medical Officer. Infectious diseases have been controlled so that there have been no epidemics and the incidence of preventable endemic diseases has in general been low. Sanitation has been adequate generally to control filth and water-borne diseases and clinic and hospital facilities have been provided that permit patients to receive care at least as good as most of the population has had in the past. Medical supplies are stated to be adequate.